

NEW

NEU'TRAL. *adj.* [*neutral*, French.]

- Indifferent; not acting; not engaged on either side.
Who can be wife, amaz'd, temperate and furious,
Loyal and neutral, in a moment? No man. *Shakespeare.*
He no sooner heard that king Henry was settled by his
victory, but forthwith he sent ambassadors unto him, to pray
that he would stand neutral. *Bacon's Hen. VII.*
The allies may be supplied for money, from Denmark and
other neutral states. *Addison on the War.*

- Indifferent; neither good nor bad.
Some things good, and some things ill do seem,
And neutral some, in her fantastic eye. *Davies.*

- Neither acid nor alkaline.
Salts which are neither acid nor alkaline, are called neu-
tral. *Arbutnot.*

NEU'TRAL. *n. f.* One who does not act nor engage on either side.The treacherous who have misled others, and the neutrals and the false-hearted friends and followers, who have started aside like a broken bow, are to be noted. *Bacon.*NEUTRALITY. *n. f.* [*neutralité*, French.]

- A state of indifference; of neither friendship nor hostility.
Men who possess a state of neutrality in times of public danger, desert the common interest of their fellow-subjects. *Addison.*

The king, late griefs revolving in his mind,
These reasons for neutrality assign'd. *Garth's Ovid.*
All pretences to neutrality are justly exploded, only in-
tending the safety and ease of a few individuals, while the
public is embroiled. This was the opinion and practice of
the latter Cato. *Swift.*

- A state between good and evil.
There is no health: physicians say, that we
At best enjoy but a neutrality. *Denne.*

NEUTRALLY. *adv.* [*from neutral*.] Indifferently; on neither part.NEW. *adj.* [*newydd*, Welsh; *neop*, Saxon; *neuf*, Fr.]

- Not old; fresh; lately produced, made or had; novel. It is used of things: as, *young* of persons.
What's the newest grief?

—That of an hour's age doth hiss the speaker;
Each minute teems a new one. *Shakespeare's Macbeth.*
Do not all men complain how little we know, and how
much is still unknown? And can we ever know more, un-
less something new be discovered? *Burnet.*

- Modern; of the present time.
Whoever converses much among old books, will be some-
thing hard to please among new. *Temple's Miscellanies.*

- Not antiquated; having the effect of novelty.
There names inscrib'd unnumber'd ages past,
From time's first birth, with time itself shall last;
These ever new, nor subject to decays,
Spread and grow brighter with the length of days. *Pope.*

- Not habituated; not familiar.
Such assemblies, though had for religion's sake, may serve
the turn of heretics, and such as privily will infiltr their poi-
son into new minds. *Hooker, b. v.*

- Renovated; repaired, so as to recover the first state.
Men after long emaciating diets, wax plump, fat, and almost
new. *Bacon's Natural History.*

- Fresh after any thing.
Nor dare we trust so soft a messenger,
New from her sickness to that northern air. *Dryden.*

- Not of ancient extraction.
A superior capacity for business, and a more extensive
knowledge, are steps by which a new man often mounts to
favour, and outlines the rest of his contemporaries. *Addis.*

- New. *adv.* This is, I think, only used in composition for
newly, which the following examples may explain.
As soon as she had written them, a new swarm of thoughts
flung her mind, she was ready with her foot to give the
new-born letters both to death and burial. *Sidney, b. ii.*
God hath not then left this to chafe that, neither would
reject that to chafe this, were it not for some new-grown
occasion, making that which hath been better worse. *Hooker.*
So dreadfully he towards him did pass,
Forelifting up aloft his speckled breast,
And often bounding on the bruised grass,
As for great joyance of his new-come guest. *Fairy 2.*
Who are the violets now
That strow the green lap of the new-come spring. *Shakesp.*
Your master's lines
Are full of new-found oaths; which he will break
As easily as I do tear this paper. *Shakespeare.*
Will you with those infirmities the owes,
Unfriended, new-adapted to our hate,
Dower'd with our curse, and stranger'd with our oath,

NEW

Take her or leave her?

Left by a multitude *Shakespeare's King Lear.*The new-heal'd wound of malice should break out. *Shak.*

Bow, stubborn knees; and heart with strings of steel

Be soft as sinews of the new-born babe. *Shakesp. Ham.*

Now hath my soul brought forth her prodigy;

And I a gasping, new-deliver'd mother,

Have woe to woe, sorrow to sorrow join'd. *Shak. R. II.*

I am in parliament pledge for his truth,

And lasting fealty to the new-made king. *Shak. R. II.*

He saw heav'n blossom with a new-born light,

On which, as on a glorious stranger gaz'd

The golden eyes of night; whose beams made bright

The way to Beth'lem, and as boldly blaz'd;

Nor ask'd leave of the sun, by day as night. *Crashaw.*

I've seen the morning's lovely ray

Hover o'er the new-born day;

With rosy wings so richly bright,

As if he scorn'd to think of night,

When a ruddy form, whose icoul

Made heaven's radiant face look foul,

Call'd for an untimely night

To blot the newly blossom'd light. *Crashaw.*

Some tree, whose broad smooth leaves together low'd,

And girded on our loins, may cover round

Those middle parts; that this new-come flame,

There sit not, and reproach us as unclean. *Milt. P. Lof.*

Their father's state,

And new-entrusted sceptre. *Milton's Poems.*

The new-created world, which came in heav'n

Long had foretold. *Milton's Paradise Lost.*

His evil

Thou upest, and from thence createst more good,

Witness this new-made world, another heav'n. *Milton.*

All clad in liveliest colours, fresh and fair

As the bright flowers that crown'd their brighter hair;

All in that new-blown age which does inspire

Warmth in themselves, in their beholders fire. *Cowley.*

While from above adorn'd with radiant light,

A new-born sun surpris'd the dazzled fight. *Rowe's Comm.*

If it could, yet that it should always run them into such

a machine as is already extant, and not often into some new-

fashioned one, such as was never seen before, no reason can

be assigned or imagined. *Ray on the Creation.*

This English edition is not so properly a translation, as a

new composition, there being several additional chapters in

it, and several new-moulded. *Burnet's Theory of the Earth.*

New-found lands accrue to the prince whose subject makes

the first discovery. *Burnet's Theory of the Earth.*

Let this be nature's frailty, or her fate,

Or Ifigen's counsel, her new-chosen mate. *Dryden.*

When the flood in its own depths was drown'd,

It left behind it false and slippery ground;

And the more solemn pomp was still defer'd,

'Till new-born nature in fresh looks appear'd. *Dryden.*

Shewn all at once you dazzled to our eyes,

As new-born Pallas did the Gods surprise;

When springing forth from Jove's new-cloing wound,

She struck the warlike spear into the ground. *Dryden.*

A bird new-made, about the banks the plies,

Not far from shore, and short excursions tries. *Dryden.*

Our house has lent to-day

T' infuse our new-built vessel, call'd a play. *Dryden.*

'T was easy now to guess from whence arose,

Her new-made union with her ancient foes. *Dryden.*

Then curds and cream,

And new-laid eggs, which Baucis' busy care

Turn'd by a gentle fire, and roasted rare. *Dryden. Bacch.*

When pleading Matho, born abroad for air,

With his fat paunch fills his new-fashioned chair. *Dryd.*

A new-form'd faction does your power oppose,

The light's confus'd, and all who met were foes. *Dryden.*

If thou ken'st from far

Among the Pleiads a new-kindled star;

If any sparkles than the rest more bright,

'Tis she that shines in that propitious light. *Dryden.*If we consider new-born children, we shall have little rea-
son to think that they bring many ideas into the world with
them. *Locke.*

Drummers with vellow-thunder shake the pile,

To greet the new-made bride. *Gay's Trivia.*

Ah Blouzelind! I love thee more by half,

Than does their fawns, or cows the new-fall'n calf. *Gay's Pastoral.*

The proctor exhibits his proxy from the dean and chapters

and presents the new-elected bishop to the vicar-general. *Ayliffe's Parergon.*

The new-fallen young here bleating for their dams,

The larger here, and there the lesser lambs. *Pope.*

A new-married man and an ass, are bride-led; an old-

married man and a pack-horse, saddle-led. *Arbutnot.*

Learn

NEW

Learn all the new-fashion words and oaths. *Swift.*NEW'ANGLED. *adj.* [*new* and *fangle*.] Formed with vain

or foolish love of novelty.

At Christmas I no more desire a rose,

Than with a snow in May's new'angled shows; *Shakesp.*

But like of each thing, that in season grows.

Those charities are not new'angled devices of yesterday,

but are most of them as old as the reformation. *Atterbury.*NEW'ANGLEDNESS. *n. f.* [*from new'angled*.] Vain and

foolish love of novelty.

NEW'ANGLEDNESS. *n. f.* [*from new'angled*.] Vain and

foolish love of novelty.

NEW'ANGLEDNESS. *n. f.* [*from new'angled*.] Vain and

foolish love of novelty.

NEW'ANGLEDNESS. *n. f.* [*from new'angled*.] Vain and

foolish love of novelty.

NEW'ANGLEDNESS. *n. f.* [*from new'angled*.] Vain and

foolish love of novelty.

NEW'ANGLEDNESS. *n. f.* [*from new'angled*.] Vain and

foolish love of novelty.

NEW'ANGLEDNESS. *n. f.* [*from new'angled*.] Vain and

foolish love of novelty.

NEW'ANGLEDNESS. *n. f.* [*from new'angled*.] Vain and

foolish love of novelty.

NEW'ANGLEDNESS. *n. f.* [*from new'angled*.] Vain and

foolish love of novelty.

NEW'ANGLEDNESS. *n. f.* [*from new'angled*.] Vain and

foolish love of novelty.

NEW'ANGLEDNESS. *n. f.* [*from new'angled*.] Vain and

foolish love of novelty.

NEW'ANGLEDNESS. *n. f.* [*from new'angled*.] Vain and

foolish love of novelty.

NEW'ANGLEDNESS. *n. f.* [*from new'angled*.] Vain and

foolish love of novelty.

NEW'ANGLEDNESS. *n. f.* [*from new'angled*.] Vain and

foolish love of novelty.

NEW'ANGLEDNESS. *n. f.* [*from new'angled*.] Vain and

foolish love of novelty.

NEW'ANGLEDNESS. *n. f.* [*from new'angled*.] Vain and

foolish love of novelty.

NEW'ANGLEDNESS. *n. f.* [*from new'angled*.] Vain and

foolish love of novelty.

NEW'ANGLEDNESS. *n. f.* [*from new'angled*.] Vain and

foolish love of novelty.

NEW'ANGLEDNESS. *n. f.* [*from new'angled*.] Vain and

foolish love of novelty.

NEW'ANGLEDNESS. *n. f.* [*from new'angled*.] Vain and

foolish love of novelty.

NEW'ANGLEDNESS. *n. f.* [*from new'angled*.] Vain and

foolish love of novelty.

NEW'ANGLEDNESS. *n. f.* [*from new'angled*.] Vain and

foolish love of novelty.

NEW'ANGLEDNESS. *n. f.* [*from new'angled*.] Vain and

foolish love of novelty.

NEW'ANGLEDNESS. *n. f.* [*from new'angled*.] Vain and

foolish love of novelty.

NEW'ANGLEDNESS. *n. f.* [*from new'angled*.] Vain and

foolish love of novelty.

NEW'ANGLEDNESS. *n. f.* [*from new'angled*.] Vain and

foolish love of novelty.

NEW'ANGLEDNESS. *n. f.* [*from new'angled*.] Vain and

foolish love of novelty.

NEW'ANGLEDNESS. *n. f.* [*from new'angled*.] Vain and

foolish love of novelty.

NEW'ANGLEDNESS. *n. f.* [*from new'angled*.] Vain and

foolish love of novelty.

NEW'ANGLEDNESS. *n. f.* [*from new'angled*.] Vain and

foolish love of novelty.

NEW'ANGLEDNESS. *n. f.* [*from new'angled*.] Vain and

foolish love of novelty.

NEW'ANGLEDNESS. *n. f.* [*from new'angled*.] Vain and

foolish love of novelty.

NEW'ANGLEDNESS. *n. f.* [*from new'angled*.] Vain and

foolish love of novelty.

NEW'ANGLEDNESS. *n. f.* [*from new'angled*.] Vain and

foolish love of novelty.

NEW'ANGLEDNESS. *n. f.* [*from new'angled*.] Vain and

foolish love of novelty.

NEW'ANGLEDNESS. *n. f.* [*from new'angled*.] Vain and

foolish love of novelty.

NEW'ANGLEDNESS. *n. f.* [*from new'angled*.] Vain and

foolish love of novelty.

NEW'ANGLEDNESS. *n. f.* [*from new'angled*.] Vain and

foolish love of novelty.

NEW'ANGLEDNESS. *n. f.* [*from new'angled*.] Vain and

foolish love of novelty.

NEW'ANGLEDNESS. *n. f.* [*from new'angled*.] Vain and

foolish love of novelty.

NEW'ANGLEDNESS. *n. f.* [*from new'angled*.] Vain and

foolish love of novelty.

NEW'ANGLEDNESS. *n. f.* [*from new'angled*.] Vain and

foolish love of novelty.

NEW'ANGLEDNESS. *n. f.* [*from new'angled*.] Vain and

foolish love of novelty.

NIB

ther the principles than the truth of the news-writer. *Addis.*

Advertise both in every news-paper; and let it not be

your fault or mine, if our country-men will not take warn-

ing. *Swift's Drapiers Letters.*

Wood is generally his own news-writer. I cannot but

observe from that paragraph, that this public enemy treats

this kingdom with contempt. *Swift's Drapiers Letters.*Pamphlets and news-papers have been full of me. *Pope.*NEWS-MONGER. *n. f.* [*news* and *monger*.] One that deals in

news; one whose employment it is to hear and to tell news.

Many tales devis'd,

Which oft the ear of greatness needs must hear, *Shakesp.*

By smiling pick-thanks and base news-mongers.

This was come as a judgment upon him for laying aside

his father's will, and turning stock-jobber, news-monger, and

busy body, meddling with other peoples affairs. *Arbutnot.*NEWY. *n. f.* [*new*, Saxon. *Newt* is supposed by Skinner tobe contracted from an *ewet*.] *Eit*; small lizard: they are

supposed to be appropriated some to the land, and some to

the water.

Oh thou! whose self-fame mettle,

Whereof thy proud child, arrogant man, is puffed,

Engenders the black toad, and adder blue,

The gilded newt, and eyeless venom'd worm. *Shakesp.*

Newts and blind worms do no wrong;

Come not near our fairy queen. *Shak. M. Night's Dream.*

Such humidity is observed in newts and water-lizards, espe-

cially if their skins be perforated or pricked. *Brown's V. Err.*NEW-YEAR'S-GIFT. *n. f.* [*new*, year, and *gift*.] Present made

on the first day of the year.

If I be served such a trick, I'll have my brains taken out

and buttered, and give them to a dog for a new-year's-gift.

Shakespeare's Merry Wives of Windsor.

When he sat on the throne distributing new-year's-gifts,

he had his altar of incense by him, that before they received

gifts they might cast a little incense into the fire; which all

good christians refused to do. *Stillingfleet.*NEXT. *adj.* [*next*, Saxon, by a colloquial change fromnepe or nybe, the superlative of nep or nyb; *neft*, scottish.]

1. Nearest in place; immediately succeeding in order.

Want suppliest itself of what is next, and many times the

next way. *Bacon, Essay 14.*